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HAROLD J. SNELL
JEWELLER - RED DEER.

Volume 14, No. 40.

RED DEER, ALBERTA OCTOBER 30th, 1918.

Subscription, \$1.50 per year.

The News

EYES

Examined and Glasses Accurately Fitted
at
HAROLD J. SNELL'S
JEWELLER WATCHMAKER OPTICIAN

ELECTION RETURNS

The following are the results of the polls. The poll vote has not been received for Cumberland and Gaetz Valley, which the authorities have been received. It would appear that Mr. Gaetz's majority is about 886.

	Majority
Wood Lake	6 10 11
Great Bend	6 21 11
Mound Lake	1 42 41
Rosedale	5 38 33
Delburne	27 47 20
Gaetz Valley	8 35 35
Cumberland	8 14 6
Hilldown	3 21 18
Valley Centre	23 33 10
Spokane	30 36 6
Willowdale	22 22 1
Clearview	26 48 22
Balmora	24 25 1
Highland Park	44 32 12
Waskasoo (City)	16 47 31
North of 5th St. N.	39 31 8
South of 5th St. N.	65 89 24
Red Deer Centre	34 57 23
Parkville	38 57 19
Red Deer S.	26 33 7
Rer Deer W. of Gaetz	33 3 6
Red Deer West	18 31 13
North Red Deer	12 37 25
North Red Deer W.	7 24 17
Crossroads	22 34 12
Spokane	19 35 16
Waskasoo	13 11 2
Shady Nook	16 43 27
Poplar Ridge	15 31 16
Carleton Place	11 32 21
Norma	8 22 14
Sylvan Lake	13 30 17
Burnt Lake	7 32 25
Centerville	3 20 17
Marquette	10 32 22
Kusumam	1 35 34
Melita	4 21 17
Evarts	19 16 3
Diamond Valley	9 11 2
Blue Bell	6 20 14
Rockville	13 45 32
Shady Lang	6 23 18
Daisy Nook	10 20 10
Gaetz School	3 21 18
Knowledge	1 29 28
Little Hargrave	4 28 14
Truitt Road	13 21 8
Alhambra	1 20 19
Leslieville	10 21 11
Dever Plate	3 18 15
Orus	3 18 15
Arbutus	2 14 13
Eversall	6 17 11
Rocky Mount	8 13 25
Pleasant Vale	8 13 25
Dovercourt	1 13 12

PENHOLD

John Farrar has purchased a new Chevrolet car.
Three Titan engines and plows were unloaded Monday by Stewart Ross, Mr. Hives, and Mr. Vincent and R. Lottwood.
There are no cases of influenza at Penhold but as a precaution the church and school are closed until danger is past.
Rev. Chas. and Mrs. Hives are expected in Penhold on Tuesday to spend their vacation with Mr. Hives' mother. Mr. Hives visited relatives at Saskatoon, Regina, and Calgary on his way from Lac La Ronge.
The many friends of Pte. John L. Jarvis, who was with Jack Hart for some time, will be sorry to hear that he has been killed at the front.
The Rev. Frager arrived last Saturday to take charge of the work of the Presbyterian Church.
Lou Holliday has had an extension of his harvest leave until the 15th November. He had put away his hay press in preparation for leaving for Calgary, but will now get busy again.
The Women's Institute met last Thursday when they finished up the business of the Penhold Fair, the results of which were very successful. The net return from the sale of work produce, ice cream and suppers, amounted to \$137.20, when all expenses had been deducted, and an additional \$116.50 was collected on the raffie of the horse presented by Mrs. James Lynes, making a grand total of \$253.70, which has been handed over to the Red Cross, of which \$50 has been voted to go to the Prisoners of War Fund. The Women's Institute wish to return thanks to all who so ably helped or contributed, and also to those who donated the prizes, all of which helped to make the Penhold Fair such a big success.

Penhold is certainly one of the busy spots in Alberta, grain, hogs, sheep and cattle are being shipped in big quantities daily.
Mr. Sills left on Monday for Calgary, as he had a wife to say his daughter, Mrs. Kulsbane, was very sick and had to undergo an operation.

VON LUDENDORFF

RESIGNS OFFICE; MOVE ACCEPTED

London, Oct. 28.—The resignation of General von Ludendorff is popularly interpreted here as heralding Germany's acceptance of the Allies' armistice terms. Whether this interpretation can be put on the resignation of the first quartermaster general cannot fail to seriously affect the morale of the German army. Rumors have been current for some time past of disagreement between Field Marshal von Hindenburg and General Ludendorff and that von Hindenburg had approved of the peace negotiations.

The Socialist, Ledebur, is quoted in the Cologne Volks Zeitung as saying in the Reichstag: "The baneful influence of the Kaiser must be removed," and advocating the abolition of the monarchical system. His speech was greeted by the socialists with shouts of "abstinate."

Berne, Switzerland, Oct. 28.—The resignation of Gen. von Ludendorff caused a thorough sensation throughout Switzerland and the central empire and is commented on as a sign that German militarism is really abating.
Among the German and Austrian papers, anger and indignation is increasing over the fact that the military situation has been so long concealed or wrongly presented.

MILITARY NOTES

E. J. Smith of Delburne, was reported killed in action in Friday's list of casualties.

Trooper Jack Peasdale was in the city over the week end visiting friends before leaving with his unit of the R.N.W.M.P. for Siberia.

The Didsbury Pioneer reports that Pte R. J. Townsend, of that place, and who joined up with Col. Robinson's battalion, was killed in action on Aug. 8th.

William Geary, Innisfail, received a wire from Ottawa on Monday, 21st inst., notifying him that his son G. Grant Geary has been wounded on Oct. 12th. This is the third time Grant has been on the casualty list.

Notice
Holders of Lycium Tickets are hereby notified that, owing to the epidemic, the lecture by Burnell R. Ford to have been given Thursday evening, is postponed. This attraction will appear at a later date, or a substitute provided. Full particulars later.

CHURCH NOTICES

The services in St. Luke's church are cancelled in compliance with the order of the Board of Health. The Rector requests that members of the congregation will observe the Sunday morning service hour in their homes for private and family devotion, with special intercession for the sick, for the cessation of the epidemic, and for our soldiers and sailors. He stated that in his opinion the church is open every day for private prayer and meditation.

MR. CARVELL AND THE MENNONITES

In an address at Calgary, Hon. F. B. Carvell alluded to the Mennonite problem. He stated that in his opinion no man who was to bear arms was entitled to exemption in times of such stress as those of the present. "It may require an amendment to the Military Service Act," he said, "and if I have no hesitation in saying that I will vote for an amendment with that object in view. As far as the social side is concerned, I do not believe any government is justified in bringing into our midst bodies of immigrants who segregate themselves and who will not intermingle with the rest of the people as common citizens of the country."

Mr. Carvell leaves no doubt as to where he stands on this question that is agitating the Southern Alberta people. Action of a drastic character may be taken when the touring ministers reach Ottawa.

MR. AND MRS. A. J. RUSSELL SORELY AFFLICTED

Mr and Mrs. A. J. Russell received the sad intelligence from Atlantic, N.J., that by his son-in-law, the wife, Fay Russell-Stephenson, eldest daughter of Mr. Russell, after nursing her brother, Ray Russell who died at Jefferson Hospital, Philadelphia, on the 13th of Oct. of pneumonia, had died on Tuesday, 22nd of October from the same disease. Jennie Russell, a younger daughter, who was also with her brother, came to Atlantic, where she was also stricken with the disease, and in spite of everything that could be done, passed away on Monday, Mr. Russell received a wire to this effect on Monday from Mr. Stephenson. Miss Jennie Russell was of Ottawa, Canada, but went to help nurse her brother in Philadelphia. The community at large extend to Mr. and Mrs. Russell their heartfelt sympathy in their hour of sorrow.



E. W. BEATTY, K.C., Montreal.
The New President of the C.P.R.

VIENNA ACCEPTS ALL NEWS LAID DOWN BY PRESIDENT IN HIS NOTE OF OCTOBER 18th

Amsterdam, Oct. 28.—Austria, in reply to President Wilson, accepts all the views expressed by the president in his note of Oct. 18.
Austria says she is willing and ready, without awaiting the results of other negotiations, to negotiate a peace and an immediate armistice on Austro-Hungarian fronts.

Washington, Oct. 28.—The German government's reply to President Wilson's last note, asserting that the negotiations for peace are being conducted by a people's government with actual and constitutional power and that the terms of the American and allied governments for an armistice are awaited, reached the Swiss legation today by cable.
Copenhagen, Oct. 28.—Germany's answer to President Wilson's latest note says: "The German government has taken cognizance of the answer of the President of the United States. The president is aware of the far-reaching changes which have been carried out and are being carried out in the German constitutional structure and that peace negotiations are being conducted by a people's government."

ment in whose hands rests, both actually and constitutionally, the power to make the deciding conclusions. "The military powers are subject to it."
The German government now awaits proposals for an armistice which shall be the first step toward a just peace, as the president has described it in his pamphlet. (Signed) "SOLF".

Copenhagen, Oct. 28.—A great demonstration in favor of an independent Hungary occurred in Budapest Friday. Thousands of people assembled outside the parliament buildings and demonstrated in favor of peace and a Karolyi cabinet. Two hundred officers took part in this manifestation.

London, Oct. 28.—It is persistently reported that riots are of daily occurrence in various parts of Germany, resulting in conflicts with the police and loss of life. The lack of raw material, especially for explosives, is seriously hampering munition works. It is stated that Krupp's have been compelled to dismiss many workers.

CITY COUNCIL MEET

The regular meeting of the City Council was held on Thursday evening last with acting mayor Dr. J. Collison in the chair, and Aldermen Lord, Campbell, Day and Stone in attendance.

A letter re the property held by city for a nuisance ground from the government was read and laid over to next meeting for consideration.

The following letter was read from the city solicitors: "Replying to the letter of the Sec. Treas. of the 15th inst. with regard to the right of the city to the ownership of buildings erected on lands sold to the city for arrears of taxes, the title to which has been confirmed and certificates of title thereof issued in the name of the city, we beg to advise you that the city is owner of both the lands and the buildings thereon attached to the soil, and has a right to possession of the lands and to the receipt of the rents and profits thereof."
The monthly report from the Memorial hospital was read and filed, showing expenditure \$767.17 and revenue \$708.50; excess of expenditure over revenue \$287.67.

A letter was read from A. G. Dave, city engineer, re certain changes desired in long south of Lot 11.
Moved by Ald. Lord and Stone that the Council approve of change of plan submitted, and request of Mrs. H. H. Gaetz and Sheriff McPherson, through R. G. Dave, to change at rear of Mrs. H. H. Gaetz's property twenty feet south according to plan submitted. Carried.

COMMISSIONERS' REPORT.

The Commissioners brought in the following report:
The Council, City of Red Deer, Gentlemen.—We submit our regular report as follows:

With Aid. Campbell we inspected the Exhibition buildings and agreed to rent A. H. Trimble the sheep barn for the purpose of using the building was falling over we had Foreman Jones brace it up.

We instructed Foreman Jones to flush the main sewer, to wash the dust off as recommended by Aid. Collison.

The Provincial Sanitary Inspector, who was to be here last week, has not arrived so we will have the intake wells cleaned and the water-mains flushed without delay.
No authentic case of Spanish influenza has been reported in Red Deer up to the present time. Several suspected cases were isolated and the Local Board of Health has taken steps to provide accommodation for other cases should they develop. The outside work is about cleaned up before winter. We will do what-

ever work is possible on the streets until freeze up.
All of which is respectfully submitted.

G. W. SMITH,
A. T. STEPHENSON,
Commissioners.
The report was adopted.

ACCOUNTS.
The following accounts were passed:
Payne & Graham \$ 418.48
John Malcom 5.00
Sec. Public School 450.00
Imperial Bank 123.20
J. G. Fulton 7.00
J. J. Carverwell 148.81
Royal Bank 242.46

A special meeting of the Council had been called for the previous Saturday night to discuss an offer made by the Western General Electric company to replace all the arc lights with 400 watt high efficiency lights, but the Council took no action as there was not a full board.

The question was discussed at some length, when the following motion was passed:
Moved by Aid. Campbell and Stone that in view of the war time conditions, Commissioner Stephenson and Aid. Campbell be requested to negotiate with the Western General Electric Company Limited, with a view to replacing the arc lights with 400 watt high efficiency lights and report to an adjourned meeting of this Council on 29th Oct. 1918, at 8 p.m., such negotiations to be without prejudice. Carried.

Aid. Campbell drew attention to the disfiguring public buildings in the city, especially with chalk. He thought this a disgrace, and the Council should bring this matter to the attention of the teachers in the schools that they instill in the minds of the pupils that this sort of thing is almost criminal, and should be frowned down.

Moved by Aid. Stone and Campbell that the curfew by-law be enforced. Carried.
A motion was also introduced by Aid. Campbell and Day that the Commissioners be instructed to ask the school board to take up with the teachers in the schools the question of children defacing buildings, breaking down young trees, and other acts of vandalism; and that the Chief of Police be instructed to keep a strict watch for such acts, and see that the guilty parties are punished.

The Council adjourned on Tuesday evening, Oct. 29th, at 8 o'clock.
IMPORTANT NOTICE
On account of the Spanish influenza quarantine, all Red Cross work which has been taken from the rooms must be returned, finished or unfinished, on Thursday afternoon, Oct. 31st.
A. M. SIMPSON,

OFFICIAL PROSPECTUS

The proceeds of this Loan will be used for War purposes only, and will be spent wholly in Canada.



THE MINISTER OF FINANCE OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA offers for Public Subscription the

Victory Loan 1918

\$300,000,000. 5½% Gold Bonds

Bearing interest from November 1st, 1918, and offered in two maturities, the choice of which is optional with the subscriber as follows:
5 year Bonds due November 1st, 1923
15 year Bonds due November 1st, 1933

Principal payable without charge at the Office of the Minister of Finance and Receiver General at Ottawa, or at the Office of the Assistant Receiver General at Halifax, St. John, Charlottetown, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Saskatoon, and Vancouver.
Bonds may be registered as to principal or as to principal and interest, at any of the above-mentioned offices.
Interest payable, without charge, quarterly, May 1st and November 1st, at any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank.

Principal and Interest payable in Gold.
Denominations: \$50, \$100, \$500 and \$1,000.

Issue Price: 100 and Accrued Interest

Income Return 5½% per Annum

Free from taxes—including any income tax—imposed by enactment of legislation enacted by the Parliament of Canada.
The proceeds of the Loan will be used for war purposes only, including the purchase of grain, foodstuffs, munitions and other supplies, and will be spent wholly in Canada.

Payment to be made as follows:
10% on application; 20% January 6th, 1919;
20% December 6th, 1919; 10% March 6th, 1920.
The last payment of 31.10% covers 30% balance of principal and 1.10% representing accrued interest at 5½% from November 1st to the date of the respective payments.
A full half year's interest will be paid on May 1st, 1919, making the cost of the bonds 100 and interest.
Subscriptions may be paid in full at the time of application at 100 without interest; or on any instalment due date thereafter together with accrued interest at the rate of 5½% per annum.
This loan is authorized under Act of the Parliament of Canada, and both principal and interest are a charge upon the Consolidated Revenue Fund.
The amount of this loan is \$300,000,000, exclusive of the amount (if any) paid for the surrender of bonds of previous issues.
The Minister of Finance, however, reserves the right to allow the whole or any part of the amount subscribed in excess of \$300,000,000.

Bonds of this issue will, in the event of future issues of like kind, or longer, made by the Government, during the remaining period of the War, other than issues made abroad, be accepted at 100 and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash for the purpose of subscription to such issues.

Payments
All cheques, drafts, etc., covering instalments, are to be made payable to the Credit of the Minister of Finance. Failure to pay any instalment when due will render previous payments liable to forfeiture, and the allotment to cancellation. Subscriptions may be accompanied by a deposit of 10% of the amount subscribed, and the balance of the subscription or any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank will accept subscription and issue receipts.
Subscriptions may be paid in full at full rate of application at 100 without interest; or on any instalment due date thereafter together with accrued interest to time of making payment in full. Under this provision, payment of subscriptions may be made as follows:
If paid in full on or before Nov. 16th, 1918, per cent without interest, or 100%.
If remaining instalments paid on Dec. 6th, 1918, balance of 30% and interest, (\$60.48 per \$100).
If remaining instalments paid on Jan. 6th, 1919, balance of 20% and interest, (\$40.96 per \$100).
If remaining instalments paid on Feb. 6th, 1919, balance of 20% and interest, (\$41.94 per \$100).
If remaining instalments paid on Mar. 6th, 1919, balance of 10% and interest, (\$21.48 per \$100).

Denomination and Registration
Bonds, bonds, with coupons, will be issued in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500, and \$1,000, and may be registered as to principal. The first coupon attached to these bonds will be paid on May 1st, 1919.
Fully registered bonds, at any time, on application to the Minister of Finance or any Assistant Receiver General, will be issued in denominations of \$20, \$100, \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000, \$10,000, \$25,000, \$50,000, \$100,000, or any multiple of \$100,000.

Payment of Interest
A full half year's interest at the rate of 5½% per annum will be paid May 1st, 1919.

Form of Bond and Delivery
Subscribers must indicate on their application the form of bond and the denominations required, and the securities so indicated will be delivered by the bank upon payment of the subscription in full.
Bonds bonds only may be registered as to principal only, or fully registered as to principal and interest, will be delivered to subscribers making payment in full, as soon as they receive the bonds and interest in full.
Payment of all instalments must be made at the bank originally named by the subscriber.
Non-negotiable receipts will be furnished to all subscribers who desire to pay by instalments. These receipts will be exchangeable at subscriber's bank for bonds on any instalment date when subscription is paid in full.

Form of Bonds Interchangeable
Subject to the payment of 25 cents for each bond held, holders of fully registered bonds without coupons, will have the right to convert into bonds with coupons and holders of bonds with coupons will have the right to convert into fully registered bonds without coupons, at any time, on application to the Minister of Finance or any Assistant Receiver General.
Forms of application may be obtained from any local Convener, from any Victory Loan Committee, or member thereof, or from any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank.

Subscription Lists will close on or before November 16th, 1918

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
OTTAWA, October 28th, 1918.

Behind the Gun the Man - Behind the Man the Dollar
Make Your Dollars Fight the Hun

SELF-FEEDING HOGS

Repeated tests at the Experimental Farm at Ottawa, as between the use of self feeders and the usual method of feeding at stated periods, have proved that by the use of the self-feeder pork is produced more economically with regard to the food used and labor required. This sort of feeder consists of a box or hopper so constructed that when filled with meal it will automatically deliver, or keep constantly before the pigs, in troughs, a certain amount of dry feed. It can be built, according to special circular No. 15, issued by the Department of Agriculture and Obsolete, for about \$10. The method of construction is described fully in this pamphlet, which deals with the system of automatic feeding that should be followed.

DEFERRED PAYMENT.

A little girl of eight entered a store in a small town and said: "I want some cloth to make my doll a dress." The merchant selected some and handed the child the package. "How much is it?" she asked. "Just one kiss," was the reply. "All right," said the child, as she turned to go, "grandma said to tell you she would pay you when she came in tomorrow."

MEAT WANTED.

MEAT WANTED—Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, and Poultry wanted. Highest prices paid for good quality. Alberta Meat Market, Red Deer. Telephone 222.

DIRECTIONS FOR USING

Wash-Out Without Rubbing

Cut into a boiler of water a half cake of Laundry Soap, and add one heaping tablespoonful of WASH-OUT. When the water boils, but not before, immerse your dry white clothes. Let the water boil freely through them for 15 minutes. Take out, rinse, well, and hang out. If you use a washing machine it is not necessary to boil. Just run the clothes through the machine with the half bar of soap and Wash-Out. Quick, Economical, and Easy, isn't it? 16 Washings, 25c. Ask your Grocer!

The Wash-Out Co.

Manufacturers, EDMONTON. WESTERN CANADA COLLEGE. Calgary, the well-known school for boys, began its 16th year this fall with the largest opening attendance in its history. It is now making arrangements for larger accommodation. High School and Matriculation subjects are given a special place in the curriculum that each pupil may have individual instruction. All information will be furnished to parents by The Rev. Dr. A. E. MacRae, Principal, or The Rev. Canon Hayes, Vice-Principal.

C. T. ELINE

BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR

Estimates Cheerfully Given. Address—P.O. Box 374 or Phone 263

MUNRO & BAINES

(The Old Reliable Firm)

Tailoring Cleaning Pressing Repairing

Your Patronage Solicited

Gaetz Avenue S. (Opposite Gaetz-Cornett's.) RED DEER, ALTA.

H. G. STONE

UNDER TAKER AND EMBALMER

GAETZ AVE. SOUTH.

BUY NOW KING

the uniform—clean, honest, high-grade

COAL

at reasonable prices.

D. A. MCGILL

RED DEER.

LETTERS FROM THE FRONT

Joseph Slade, of Edmonton, received the following letter from his son, Lieut. Arthur Slade, of Col. Page's battalion, which will be read with interest by his many Red Deer friends:

France, 7-3-18. Dear mother and dad—It's a thank-you boy who writes you this letter, and thank you for your last long one. I have other unanswered letters of yours, dear ones, but still there is no opportunity to do them justice. I still wait a chance to write every body decent letters. My good luck is still with me you see, for you must know that I've gone through several men anything lately and here I am hale and hearty, and happy. I'm happiest when busy, so I'm happy all the time now. For I don't have any time left to think of those things which might make me dissatisfied, only my work, and it is going so beautifully I can't help being glad of it.

You will have read of our two most recent pushes. In your last you say I never say anything about what is going on over there. It would not be true to say that, but I have done my bit in every appreciable advance made by our unit since joining it, although I don't think I have been actually let me go over the top, there was far more actual work done, and more risks taken in subsequent consolidating, mopping up, and holding.

In the finest shows the corps and battalion have put on I may say I did go over, and in the second was one, our most wonderful victory. I had the joy of leading my Co. over. I can't tell you a great deal, dad; I don't want to for several reasons. For one thing, you would think me horrible, and another you would hardly believe it; you might think I was exaggerating or boasting, so would rather not talk of it. In the papers you will have read of our show of a few days ago, when we ended that show I was senior officer in the line and had practically to assist and advise, and in some cases handle the four companies. Do not read this in a boasting spirit, but I did anything I could to help, but rather to show you the position of things here at times.

During the action my company captured its first time its own strength in prisoners, and a quarter of its strength in men of machine guns. Say, dad, it was wonderful, quite the best I have been in. Perhaps Canadian papers repeated the story of the capture of a certain Area Commander, also a number of other officers, and I was very proud of the country who took them down to battalion headquarters; among my souvenirs I have a revolver and a machine gun. But I must shut up or you will be telling me to.

It's hard to think of the many boys we have not got now.

For the present I'll leave you all. Your loving son, ARTHUR. P.S.—Of course you know of the Military honors won by my old Chum Andy Munro, who has been decorated for personal bravery, he was our Co. signaller, and had the pleasure to recommend him to the Royal Flying Corps, where he is now taking his instruction, and will very soon be a full fledged pilot in the Royal Air Force.

LETTER FROM ROBERT PEARSON.

9th Canadian Area Employment Coy., B.E.F., France. September 30th, 1918. Editor, Red Deer News, Red Deer, Alberta.

Dear Editor: I had the pleasure of a visit last Sunday from Gr. W. J. Botterill, of Red Deer, and I think his many friends would like to know how he is getting along. He is over in France with the heavy artillery, and has been making himself very useful indeed. His allround ability in handling men has brought him to the attention of the O.C., and he has from time to time been given special work. He is quite enthusiastic about his work, and is looking hale and hearty.

I also had the pleasure of meeting Captain Gibson a few weeks ago. He is also in France, and is instructing in the Corps school. He still wears the Highland uniform with the dignity of a true Scot.

Another Highlander whom I met recently was Captain W. J. McKenzie, who used to practice medicine in Red Deer with Dr. Parsons. He is M.O. of a Highland Battalion from Winnipeg, and like Gibbie, looks very charming in the uniform of the land of the heather.

I saw Corporal Percy Smith at the Corps Sports, and he is looking strong and fit. He is still instructing in bombing, and is making quite a name for himself.

Major Robinson, late Colonel of the 187th, is still in command of a Forestry Company in France. I had the pleasure of having lunch with him a few weeks ago, and he explained to me all the intricacies of converting beech logs into war material.

Lieut. Julian Sherman is second in command of his company, and is also doing well.

With kindest regards to all old friends in Red Deer—I remain,

Very truly yours,

ROBERT PEARSON.

THE NEW EXCUSE

"Did you mail that letter I gave you yesterday?" "No, my dear. I whistled to the man in the post office but he couldn't come down for it."

SUFFERED TERRIBLE AGONY

"Fruit-a-lives" Alone Gave Him Quick Relief

Backham, Que., May 3rd, 1915. "For seven years, I suffered terribly from Severe Headache and Indigestion. I had belching gas from the stomach, and I had chronic Constipation. I tried many remedies but nothing did me good. Finally, a friend advised 'Fruit-a-lives'. I took this grand fruit medicine and it made me well. To everyone who has a miserable health with Constipation, Indigestion and Bad Stomach, I say take 'Fruit-a-lives', and you will get well!"

ALBERT VARNER. 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

THE GOLD SERVICE STAR.

A little black robed woman boarded a trolley car—a little black robed woman who wore a gold star on her breast. A somber hawk on her coat sleeve. And as she walked down the aisle between the double row of seats, folk who had been talking became silent, and heads were bowed. And, through the silence, one man whispered hoarsely to another—

"What does it stand for—the star?" "The other man whispered hoarsely: 'It means that her son has been killed in action over there.'"

A gold service star sewed to a black band on her sleeve. We looked at it, all of us with ready understanding and deep sympathy. The woman who was walked with her gray head held proudly high, with her steady eyes meeting ours. And she seated herself well towards the front of the car and smiled, albeit her face tremulously, as she handed her fare to the conductor.

One doesn't see many gold service stars—yet. But the casualty lists are growing larger than they were. Silently the gold star will begin to creep into our everyday lives, just as the red-white-and-blue service flags which were almost unknown a year ago, have become familiar to us.

Yet, if every woman who must wear one wears it bravely—as the woman here who wears it has—her gold star—the morale of the nation can not be hurt. If every woman who has lost a loved one can hold her head high and her heart true to the country who continues to be the spirit courageous. American women are brave hearted women; they will hold their heads high, and they will smile!

Once back across the centuries, a Mother knelt beside the cross on a hill while her Son was dying in agony. But she did not shrink away from the horror of it. She stayed. And American mothers, today—American mothers, today—when they meet the mothers of their Calvary—are staying too.

THE WONDERFUL FRENCH

By CAPT. R. F. W. REES.

The other day a couple of Australian officers were having lunch at the same table as myself at Chebese. These men naturally dropped into conversation. We talked of the wonderful traditions of the place. We discussed the morality and genius of that old slinger Doctor Johnson, his patron saint. We laughed at the cynicism of Boswell, which he outlived the years. We raised the visitors' book, fingered the punch bowl that had been the pet toy of the great lexigrapher, and touched reverently the old leather bottle, which has seen me away from life, and a dozen lifetimes. And we admitted that we English were a wonderful people.

"Yes," said one of the Australians, "but don't forget that the French are a wonderful people too. After this I'm never going to pass anything French without taking off my hat to it."

"The way the blighters fight! I've been side by side with 'em twice, and I never want better chips handy when it comes to a scrap. They've got the endurance of the devil, and the spirit of a score of U-gercats. Their artillery, too, is something to make you wonder. They've got the art of the big gun down to the level of the sniper's snapping."

"But above all it's their civilians who take my fancy. I remember meeting a lot of them coming back to a village they'd had to evacuate for a day or two. The Boche was still only about five miles away, but they weren't waiting. Their homes were blown to bits, but they were going to build them up again. One family we met when we had been billeted with. There was the old mother, two daughters, and a boy of twelve. All they had with them was a piano and a few kitchen utensils on a hand-truck, and two cows. They were very glad to see us. They insisted upon making us coffee, and while the mother boiled the water the youngest daughter went and got the milk from one of the cows. They were quite happy about getting back home again, although they knew their old house would be nothing but a heap of bricks over the cellars. They told us how they were going to carry on. 'Perhaps there would be enough money for a little holiday at Paris Plage in the summer.' But, we said,

"the place may be blown to pieces again!" The old woman shrugged her shoulders, "est in Guerre, m'sieu!"

It is indeed wonderful, the undying spirit of these French women. Within gunfire of the line they are building up the homes so that the father and the son on permission may not lack a homecoming.

Those Australians will not be the only ones who will take off their hats to all things French after the war.

BOYS' AND GIRLS' CLUB

To Club Members: I think we can all congratulate ourselves on our Fair, for not only did the fine condition of the exhibits do great credit to the members, but the splendid turnout gave strong interest to the members.

More to me, however, than fine pigs and the satisfaction of the Fair turning out well, was the spirit displayed throughout by the members, and the support given me by their parents. Nothing worth while can be accomplished without perseverance and interest, and the members, encouraged by their parents, made the Club a success.

Cheques for prize money are being mailed, and should any prize winner not receive his or her letter in the course of a week or ten days it would be well to me to know.

Now a word to those who did not win a prize, or hoped to win a better place than the Judge gave them. To these I would say do not feel disappointed. If you did your best you could not do more, and all could not be at the top.

On their day I had hoped to call a meeting of the members holding office as directors to discuss payments under the insurance fund, but from 11.30, when the first exhibits were brought in until 4.45, when the last went out, I found myself busy. As I am sure the Directors would be guided by my recommendation I will submit for approval what I propose, viz:

To pay in full, purchase price of one of Earl Cragg's Berks which died not long after he got it. To allow 50% of purchase price for one of the Berks obtained by Kenneth and Eunice Trimble. It was killed by the crash after they got it home and was never seen again. While not actually a death claim, it was hard luck, and I believe the members will approve of helping them out.

Then there are two items of expense that are not otherwise provided for, \$25.00 toward the cost of the Fair program and carpenter's time for six days in building the show pens, assisting unloading on the day, and taking down and returning the lumber after. These are the only costs the Club members have been required to contribute. After paying these and the loss claims, \$151.18 will be carried over as the nucleus of the insurance scheme for next year.

The group photograph taken by Mr. Fleming turned out well, and members can obtain copies from him for seventy-five cents mounted, or fifty cents unmounted. I have a copy on exhibition at the time the members will appear in the local papers concerning the location of pure bred horses and other matters of interest.

F. G. WHITEHOUSE, Secretary-Manager.

CLOTHING PRICES CONTINUE TO CLIMB

No let up in prices is yet visible, and the trade continues to face a period of extremely high prices with even higher levels a probability. No recession from present values is looked for and the view holds in many quarters that declines following the declaration of peace cannot be expected for many months to come.

The scarcity in many lines continues to be manifest, but overcautions suffer most in this respect. Wool is too scarce to be employed to the same extent in the heavier cloth, and features for 1919 Fall and Winter may show a marked decline in range and material available.

The difficulty in securing goods from the importers' standpoint can be best illustrated by the fact that contracts are being entered into on an eighteen months delivery basis at an approximate price, firm prices to be confirmed at a short time before actual shipment, which in view of existing conditions may well be two years from date of placing order. Deliveries reaching Canada today are for orders placed twelve to eighteen months ago and even longer.

There is a possibility the cotton warp worsteds for civilians may come. In view of the fact that worsted yarns are so largely used in army shirting flannel and uniform cloth make for a scarcity for general civilian use which is quite independent of the scarcity of the raw material. It is believed that more worsted mills will be pressure of necessity, if by no other means, be induced to run cotton warp worsteds for civilians in place of the all-worsted goods.

It is reported on the woolen goods market that army clothing needs as recently calculated, call for 325,000,000 yards of wool in the course of the year. It is the case new importations must make up the difference before civilian uses can be satisfied.

WANTS TOO MUCH. Adeline—When I marry I shall select a man who resembles an arc light. May—Gracious! In what way. Adeline—Not to go out at night and never smoke.

Adeline—When I marry I shall select a man who resembles an arc light. May—Gracious! In what way. Adeline—Not to go out at night and never smoke.

THE UNSLEEPING EYE OF THE R.A.F.

By RECONNAISSANCE

It is said of Funk, the French flying "ace," that his remarkable vision enables him to detect shells in actual flight, and to see almost as well by night as in daylight. Good eyesight is, of course, essential to the flying man, and one has only to look at a few photographs of Royal Air Force pilots and observers to be struck by the curiously penetrating gaze common to all—a thing very different from the affliction which sometimes affects nervous stutters and which may be described as the "camera glare."

Funk is, of course, exceptional, but a capacity to see by night almost as well as by day is by no means rare among pilots of the R.A.F., and the flyer who has experience of night flying seems to acquire, by constant practice, an unusual skill in seeing in the dark.

It is not that the pilot sees everything or that he needs to see everything, but rather that he knows exactly what to look for in the conditions of visibility prevailing. This involves a process of selection. To take the case of a searchlight, it wastes no time in vain endeavor to locate landmarks when a dense ground-mist rises over the watery Flanders plains of an impenetrability comparable with that of an old-fashioned London fog. He steers by compass then, makes for home, and is usually relieved when his signal flare is answered by the red of his aerodrome. Which, after all, is only to say that his eyes are not superhuman. But on a clear moonlight night a very large amount of reconnaissance work is carried out by the Royal Air Force.

Remarkable visibility is often obtained too on clear starlight nights of the red of his aerodrome. Which, after all, is only to say that his eyes are not superhuman. But on a clear moonlight night a very large amount of reconnaissance work is carried out by the Royal Air Force.

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Usually, however, the night flyer, unless dodging anti-aircraft, remains at a low altitude, and 6,000 feet is usually regarded as the maximum height from which accurate observation of towns or villages is possible at night. For the identification of towns, woods of characteristic shape, or lakes, night observation from 6,000 feet in clear moonlight is reliable, but to estimate for example, the number of troops passing along a road it is necessary to descend to 1,500 feet or lower.

By night flying, of course, is observable from a much greater height, though, here again, it is one thing to spot a train by the glare from its engine and another form an estimate of the number of ammunition trucks attached.

Night flying reconnaissance is reconnaissance under handicap, but the handicap is one which the R.A.F. have learnt to overcome to such an extent, at any rate, as to make it impossible for the Germans to assume that they secure immunity from observation by carrying out large movements of troops in darkness.

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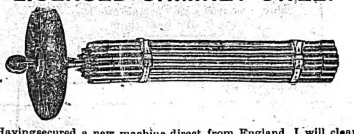
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LICENSED CHIMNEY SWEEP



Having secured a new machine direct from England, I will clean stoves, furnaces, pipes and chimneys. I have the only machine in the city. I also repair and build chimneys. Work guaranteed. P.O. Box 240 E. HASTE Phone 217

H. F. KENNY
The Commission Agent

We ship hogs every week.
We buy grain any time.
We specialize in consignments of Live Stock or Farm Produce.

We are purchasing agents for reliable firms and guarantee satisfaction.

If you have anything to sell, or want to buy anything, we would be delighted to talk the matter over with you.

H. F. KENNY
THE COMMISSION AGENT
Opposite C.P.R. Station RED DEER

GONE TO THE FRONT

This year, with my new equipment in running order, I feel confident you will agree that for ability to handle general repair work I am

IN THE FRONT LINE

I have installed the LARGEST LATHE IN ALBERTA at great cost, so that I may give better satisfaction to my customers than ever.

I have an Oxo-Acetylene Welder for the repair of broken castings.

I repair all kinds of guns and have several for sale (both new and secondhand); also shells.

I specialize in Cycles and Cycle Repairs.

My prices are fair, and I guarantee satisfaction.

If you have any doubt of any of these assertions, give me a chance to demonstrate the truth of same.

W. R. DAVIS
THE UP-TO-DATE MECHANIC

We are again opening our

Cream Buying Station

at Red Deer. Mr. T. B. Rutter is in charge of same, and will pay cash for each and every shipment as received at Red Deer, as well as cash for Eggs and Dairy Butter. Give us a trial.

CENTRAL CREAMERIES, LTD.
P. PALLESEN, Proprietor
Phone 33. T. B. Rutter, Manager Red Deer Branch (Opposite Commercial Cafe.)

Painting and Decorating

Get your work done by practical men and you will save MONEY and get better results.

Would you sow poor seed if you wanted a good crop?

Can the Farmer get on without the Towns? Can the Towns get on without the Farmers?

Then Why Not Spend Your Money in Your Home Town, and Help Each Other?

RED DEER IS YOUR HOME TOWN.

Call up Phone No. 172 or 24 and get H. G. STONE to give you a price for the work you want done. And when in town, see his Wallpaper. It's just what you are looking for, and the price is RIGHT.

The Farmer-Banker Alliance



You go to your lawyer for legal advice; to the doctor for medical advice; why not to The Merchants Bank for financial advice?

If you want a loan to buy cattle, hogs or equipment—if you want information as to how to invest money—come to those who make a business of financial matters, and are in a position to give you sound and impartial advice.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA
Established 1884.
Head Office: Montreal.
RED DEER BRANCH,
A. S. MAXWELL, Manager.
Sub-Agency at Penhold open Mondays and Thursdays.

FACTS ABOUT THE VICTORY LOAN

DETAILS OF PRICES AND PAYMENTS EXPLAINED—SOUTH-ERN ALBERTA EXECUTIVE MAKES APPEAL

Five hundred million dollars is the amount required to be raised by the Canadian government to carry on Canada's part in the prosecution of the war. The minimum amount which the minister of finance asks for is three hundred millions. The larger amount will be raised if possible.

There are no 20-year bonds in this issue. Five and 15 year bonds will be available in the new loan.

The selling campaign for the new loan will begin on Monday, October 28th, and will continue until Saturday, November 16.

The details of the issue follow: Through the prospectus of the 5th Canadian war loan—the Victory Loan of 1918—the Dominion of Canada will ask for a minimum amount of \$300,000,000 with the right to accept all or any part of subscriptions in excess of that sum to be used for war purposes only, and to be spent wholly in Canada. The rate of interest will be 5½ per cent, payable May 1 and November 1, and the denominations \$50, \$100, \$500 and \$1,000. The loan will be offered in two maturities—5 year bonds due November 1, 1923 and 15 year bonds due November 1, 1932.

The issue price will be 100 and accrued interest for both maturities, making the income return 5½ per cent. Provision is made for payment in five instalments as follows: Ten per cent on application; 20 per cent on December 6, 1918; 20 per cent on January 6, 1919; 20 per cent on February 6, 1919; 31.16 per cent on March 6, 1919. The last payment of 31.16 per cent, covers 30 per cent balance of principal and 1.16 per cent representing accrued interest at 5½ per cent from November 1 to due dates of the respective instalments. As paid on May 1, 1919, the cost of the

bonds will be 100 and interest.

Price of Bonds: The 1918 Victory Bonds are issued "at par and accrued interest," this means that all the bonds bear interest at 5½ per cent per year from the first date of the application period, November 1; and if payments are made by instalments the applicant has to pay the small sum of "accrued" interest along with his final instalment; this amounts to 58 cents on a \$50 bond, and \$1.16 on a \$100 bond, if the applicant pays his instalments on the due dates stated in the prospectus.

Thus a \$50 bond if paid for in full before November 16, the date of the close of the subscription costs just the \$50; a \$100 bond costs \$100, and so on.

Every bond holder will receive a half year's interest at 5½ per cent on May 1st, 1919; that is, on a \$100 bond he will receive \$2.75 interest on May 1. On bonds paid for by instalments the interest will be paid just the same on May 1, 1919, and to put all buyers on the same footing, those who pay by instalments will have to add the small difference in interest of 58 cents on a \$50 bond and \$1.16 on a \$100 bond to their final instalment.

In the case of bonds paid for by instalments the due dates and amounts of the instalments would be: On application—\$50 \$100 bond On Dec. 6, 1918—10.00 20.00 On Jan. 6, 1919—10.00 20.00 On Feb. 6, 1919—10.00 20.00 On March 6, 1919—15.68 31.16 On March 6, 1919—15.68 31.16 Every citizen can help if it is only in the courteous and prompt answer given to the canvasser who is charged with the duty of taking the application. Each canvasser has very responsible duties to perform and it should be your endeavor to assist him. Place your application through him and not through your bank. The banks will have enough to do in other ways, and it will serve the country's purpose best if we all work with the canvasser.

should be your endeavor to assist him. Place your application through him and not through your bank. The banks will have enough to do in other ways, and it will serve the country's purpose best if we all work with the canvasser.

To the People of Southern Alberta: Our country is about to make another issue of Victory Bonds.

Last year's issue has amply proven the benefit to the country and to each individual bondholder.

The enormously increased volume of business that has come to Canada has been profitably carried with-out effort to the undoubted advantage of every single one of our citizens.

The many who participated in last year's issue have thoroughly appreciated the benefit of their investment.

Southern Alberta did well last year, thanks to your loyal response to the army of workers who placed their services at the disposal of our various Victory Loan organizations. The same willing service is forthcoming this year.

Every citizen can help, if it is only in the courteous and prompt answer given to the canvasser who is charged with the duty of taking the application.

Each canvasser has very responsible duties to perform and it should be your endeavor to assist him. Place your application with him, and not with the banks. The banks will have enough to do in other ways, and it will serve the country's purpose best if we all work with the canvasser.

Although Germany is beaten there may be quite a little way to travel yet before the poor deluded common people of Germany fully discover that they mistook a man-made machine for their own human soul.

If the answer to their request for an armistice by "Eze Foch," let your answer to your country's request now be "If you want money—See me."

WM. TOOLE, Chairman,
G. R. MARNOU, H. Vice Chairman,
Southern Alberta Executive,
Victory Loan, 1918.

TO AVOID SPANISH INFLUENZA.

Dr. John Dill Robertson of Chicago, health commissioner, has compiled the following list of "don'ts" for those who would avoid Spanish influenza:

- Don't overeat
- Don't get the surface of the body chilled.
- Don't remain in crowded, poorly ventilated places.
- Don't get constipated.
- Don't sleep less than eight hours.
- Don't get your feet wet.
- Don't cough or sneeze without smothering it in your handkerchief.
- Don't sit in a draft.
- Don't forget that a chill is always a dangerous symptom and send for your physician at once.

HUNS MUST SURRENDER

U.S. President Asserts He Cannot Take Up Peace Negotiations With Military Masters of Germany.

"Feeling that the whole peace of the world depends now on plain speaking, and straightforward action, the President deems it his duty to say without any attempt to soften what may seem harsh words, that the nations of the world do not and cannot trust the word of those who have hitherto been the masters of German policy."

"If I must deal with the military masters and the monarchical autocrats of Germany now, or if it is likely to have to deal with them later in regard to the international obligations of the German empire, it must demand, not peace negotiations but surrender."

"Nothing can be gained by leaving this essential thing unsaid," President Wilson.

Washington, Oct. 23.—The reply of President Wilson to the German proposals for an armistice and peace was issued this evening by Secretary Lansing. It is as follows:

"The secretary of state makes public charge d'affaires in charge of German interests in the United States: Department of State, October 23, 1918."

"Sir, I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of the 22nd, transmitting a communication under date of the 20th, from the German government, and to advise you that the president has instructed me to reply thereto as follows:

"Having received the solemn and explicit assurance of the German government that it unreservedly accepts the terms of peace laid down in his address to the congress of the United States on the 8th of January, 1918, and the principles of settlement enunciated in his subsequent addresses, particularly the address of the 27th of September, and that it desires to discuss the details of their application, and that this wish and purpose emanated, not from those

who have hitherto dictated German policy and conducted the present war on Germany's behalf, but from ministers who speak for the majority of the Reichstag and for an overwhelming majority of the German people; and having received also explicit promise of the present German government that humane rules of civilized warfare will be observed both on land and sea by the German armed forces, the president of the United States feels that he cannot decline to take up with the governments with which the government of the United States is associated the question of an armistice."

"He deems it his duty to say again, however, that the only armistice he would feel justified in submitting for consideration would be one which would leave the United States and the powers associated with her in a position to enforce any arrangements that may be entered into to maintain removal of hostilities on the part of Germany impossible."

MILITARY ADVISORS STATE

"The President has, therefore, transmitted his correspondence with the present German authorities to the governments with which the government of the United States is associated as a belligerent with the suggestion that if those governments are disposed to effect peace upon the terms and principles indicated, their military advisors and the military advisors of the United States be asked to submit to the governments associated against Germany the necessary terms of such an armistice as will fully protect the interests of the people involved and assure to the associated governments the necessary power to safeguard and enforce the details of the peace to which the German government has agreed, provided they deem such an armistice possible from the military point of view. Should such terms of armistice be suggested their acceptance by Germany will afford the best concrete evidence of her unequivocal acceptance of the terms and principles of peace which the whole action precedes."

REASON FOR SAFEGUARDS

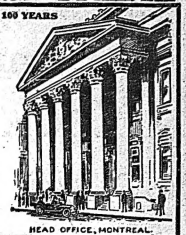
"The president would deem himself lacking in candor did he not point out in the frankest possible terms the reason why extraordinary safeguards must be demanded. Significant and important as the constitutional changes seem to be which are spoken of by the German High Commissioner in his note of the 23rd of October, it does not appear that the principle of a government responsible to the German people has yet been fully worked out, or that any guarantees either exist or are in contemplation,

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED OVER 100 YEARS

Canada's War Chest

"Canada's War Chest" is the Savings Accounts of her men and women. The Bank of Montreal accepts deposits of \$1. and upwards.



C. C. Gamble, Manager, Red Deer Branch.

that the alterations of principle and of practice now partially agreed upon will be permanent. Moreover, it does not appear that the heart of present difficulty has been reached.

CANNOT TRUST THEM.

It may be that future wars have been brought under the control of the German people but the present war has not been; and it is with the present war that we are dealing. It is evident that the German people have no means of commanding the acquiescence of the military authorities of the empire in the popular will; that the power of the King of Prussia to control the policy of the empire is unimpaired; that the determining initiative still remains with those who have hitherto been the masters of Germany. Feeling that the whole peace of the world depends now on plain speaking and straightforward action, the President deems it his duty to say with

out any attempt to soften what may seem harsh words, that the nations of the world do not and cannot trust the word of those who have hitherto been the masters of German policy, and to point out once more that in concluding peace and attempting to undo the infinite injuries and injustices of this war the government of the United States cannot deal with any but veritable representatives of the German people who have been assured of a genuine constitutional standing as the real rulers of Germany. If it must deal with the military masters and the monarchical autocrats of Germany now, or if it is likely to have to deal with them later in regard to the international obligations of the German empire, it must demand, not peace negotiations, but surrender. Nothing can be gained by leaving this essential thing unsaid.

Accept, sir, the renewed assurances of my high consideration.

(Signed) "ROBERT LANSING."

"Dr. Friedrich Oederlein,"

"Charge d'affaires of Switzerland,"

"ad interim."

"In charge of German interests in the United States."

KAISER IS BIGGEST GERMAN PROFITEER

The Kaiser's greatest war profits come from the Krupp gun works at Essen. Just how large his holdings are cannot be determined, as the Krupp concern refused to show its books in the recent profiteering investigation conducted by the Reichstag, and that body had no power to enforce its demands. The statement however, is made, on the authority of Geneva private sources recently returned from Frankfurt, that the Kaiser before the war had been a large shareholder in Krupp's; in fact, one of the largest holders of the shares next to Frau Bertha Krupp von Bohlen. Since the war began the Kaiser is said to have increased his shares in the works by purchases amounting to \$25,000,000.

That the Kaiser, long before the present war, was an enormously wealthy man, was nowhere denied. As King of Prussia he enjoyed a civil list of \$4,250,000 a year. He is the greatest land owner in Prussia and has an immense private income. His grandfather left him a fortune of \$12,500,000. He has many castles and palaces in various parts of Germany upon which he has expended immense sums. He bore practically the entire expense of maintaining and conducting the imperial opera in Berlin and when he travelled on his magnificently equipped railway train it cost him \$50 a mile.

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VICTORY LOAN NEEDED EVEN IF PEACE COMES

"Victory Loan will be required to full extent, even if peace should come within a few weeks or months, as nations will be on a war basis for a long time, and it will take Canada a year or more to demobilize; also credits will still have to be given to Imperial Munitions."—Sir Thomas White in a special message to the people of Canada.

VICTORY COMES HIGH, BUT WE MUST HAVE IT!

THIS is no time to count the cost of Victory—when hundreds of thousands of our own Canadian boys are charging full speed ahead, with the Huns on the run. This is no time for loyal Canadians to stop and consider the terrible price, in blood and tears, this war has already cost the world.

When the word goes forth over there to CHARGE, every man is on his toes—straining every muscle—eyes front—head up—bayonet fixed—to sweep the German hordes back out of Belgium—out of France—back, ever back—until they throw up their hands with "Kamerad! Kamerad!" on their cowardly lips.

Here, in Canada, when the word goes forth to "LEND," let us all be worthy of the gallant boys who have given up home, and comfort, and even life itself, for the cause of victory.

We at home must furnish the funds that will keep the victorious Canadian troops supplied with food and clothing—with guns and ammunition—with tanks and shells and airplanes.

Victory is within our grasp. Continue the great offensive and the War will be won.

Every dollar you have, or can borrow, is needed to bring back the boys VICTORIOUS.

Canada needs your money, but Canada is willing to pay for the use of it.

Every dollar invested in Victory Bonds will be returned to you with interest.

BUY VICTORY BONDS

This space is donated to the Victory Loan 1918 Campaign by THE NEWS PUBLISHING COMPANY.



'Over the Top'-to Victory

THE word has been passed down the line, "Stand ready to go 'over the top.'" But not as our soldiers do---to face gunfire and bayonets. We, here in Canada, do not have to go over the top with bayonet or bomb. Our campaign is a campaign of SUPPORT. Money must be forthcoming for the support of our men at the front, for the thousands of needs of the war which is being fought for freedom and for us.

While we await the word to advance, we consider our actual needs, we figure just how much we can spare as a loan to our country, and when WE go over the top it is with our open pocket-books in our hands, to loan on the best security in the world, the money that will help bring VICTORY, and after VICTORY, PEACE!

The Red Deer Division---comprising Olds, Innisfail and Red Deer Provincial Constituencies has been asked for \$350,000. When that amount has been subscribed we shall have earned our Honor Flag, when twenty-five per cent more than that has been subscribed, we shall have earned the right to place one Honor Crown on our Flag, and an additional crown may be added for each twenty-five per cent subscribed over our quota.

How Many Crowns Shall We Have?

It is up to each one of us individually, and to all of us collectively. We have to get that Honor Flag, and get it quickly. First let us wear the Victory Loan Button, and have our names on the Honor Roll in our place of business.

The Honor Flag will fly with more than two crowns on it if we all do our part and go

"Over The Top Together"

A guaranteed time-basis loan---5½ per cent. interest payable half-yearly. Backed by the Country, the finest security in the world.



This space is donated to the Victory Loan 1918 Campaign by

The W.E. LORD Co., Ltd.

Family Groceteria

Do not forget that the High Cost of Living demands economic expenditure. Visit the Dairy Products Groceteria for Quality Groceries at Cash and Carry Prices.

We specialize in Pasteurized Creamery Butter, Milk, Buttermilk, Cream, Eggs, Cheese, fresh daily. Our Fruit department will stand the closest investigation as to quality and prices.

A visit to this Store means money saved to you. Service from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Canada Food Board License No. 8-21834.



FOR STREET OR STABLE
We are Showing a fine Line of

HORSE BLANKETS

In white, brown, grey and khaki duck.
Square Necked or Shaped, with web leg attachment or body girth (as cut), in 3 sizes, 6ft, 6ft 6in, and 7ft.

Our Blankets are exceptionally well made with good warm linings. They were purchased before the big advances in cotton duck and jute, so that you can depend they are the biggest value possible.

Make your choice before our stock is reduced in variety. We have 20 different styles to choose from, \$3.50 to \$6.00 each.

JARVIS-GOODVEY HARNESS CO., LTD.
PHONE 40

SUGGESTIONS TO MEDICAL MEN OF THE PROVINCE

The Massachusetts Department of Health after four weeks' experience with all kinds of treatment, have come to the conclusion that by open air and sunshine the best results are obtained.

The patients are cared for in tents and shacks. The cots are taken into the open from ten o'clock in the morning until four-thirty o'clock in the afternoon. They claim that the temperature drops immediately, and the patient shows a marked improvement.

Doctors, nurses and attendants are less likely to contract the disease. It was found that with the ordinary modern hospital method the number of nurses and attendants that contracted the disease were fifty per cent, whereas by the newer method only ten per cent suffered.

The number of cases of pneumonia developing reduced from forty per cent to thirteen per cent.

Vaccines of various kinds have been tried out by them as a preventive measure and for treatment.

The following conclusions were reached by two committees in Massachusetts who were appointed to investigate the standing of vaccine in influenza.

First committee's report:

1. The evidence at hand affords no trustworthy basis for regarding prophylactic vaccination against influenza as of value in preventing the spread of the disease, or of reducing its severity. The evidence from the worst epidemic, though meager, suggests that the incidence of the disease among the vaccinated is smaller than among the non-vaccinated. The board therefore concludes that further experimental evidence should be collected.

2. The evidence at hand convinces the board that the vaccines we have considered have no specific value in the treatment of influenza.

3. There is evidence that no unfavorable results have followed the use of vaccines.

Second committee's report:

1. The weight of such statistical evidence as we have been able to accumulate indicates that the use of the influenza vaccine which we have investigated is without therapeutic benefit. Exceptional cases where apparent benefit has resulted from the use of vaccine can be matched by other cases where similar recoveries have been made without vaccination.

2. The statistical evidence, as far as it goes, leaves no probability that the use of this influenza vaccine has some prophylactic value.

3. There is also some evidence to the effect that other methods of protection, such as open-air treatment

and the use of proper masks, are effective in protecting exposed attendants and the use of the vaccine should not be taken as an excuse for omitting such safeguards.

It has been suggested that in very severe cases of pneumonia that the treatment by convalescent serum as is used in cases of scarlet fever might be used for influenza, especially where pneumonia is present. It has also been suggested for prevention. On account of difficulty, however, in carrying it out, it is advised only in the very serious cases of pneumonia.

The simplest method of employment is as follows:

Two and one half to eight ounces of blood from a patient who has been convalescent from influenza for about ten days is taken into a 20 C.C. syringe in which is placed about one C.C. of a ten per cent sterile Sodium Citrate Solution. This blood injected into a muscle. The Vastus Externus is a satisfactory one for this. The person from which the serum is taken must be free from any septic condition and should show a negative Wasserman.

Larger amounts of blood have been used intravenously in this treatment, but tests for agglutination and hemolysis must first be made. Some convalescent serums are not as good as others.

Dr. E. C. Roenow, of the Mayo Clinic suggests the use of a vaccine consisting of the pneumococcus and streptococcus, which he believes will prevent complications. He also believes that this vaccine will not prevent influenza, it is only for the prevention of complications.

Captain Donst of the United States Army made experiments with gauze and cheesecloth masks. He found that when a person coughed with the mouth unprotected, bacteria were projected for a distance of ten feet.

When hospital gauze was used the distance was three feet. Three ply cheesecloth absolutely prevented any bacteria passing.

Pneumonia jackets should be worn by all who have influenza.

Acetylsalicylic Acid (Aspirin) in fifteen grain doses have been suggested for the relief of symptoms, but smaller doses may be used.

The treatment of influenza by fresh air as viewed by the Massachusetts State commissioner is summarized in a statement as follows:

"An ordinary ward is not the best place in which to care for an influenza patient."

At the beginning of this epidemic, when every pneumonia case was transferred if possible to a hospital for what was believed to be the very best treatment forty per cent of the cases died. Hospital physicians, nurses and attendants became infected to an alarming extent. The following figure show this:

Hospital	Percentage taken sick
Hospital A	28%
Hospital B	42%
Hospital C	100%

The modern open-air treatment of true lobar pneumonia cases was applied most drastically to influenza pneumonia cases with the following results:

Pneumonia cases 13% deaths

Physicians, nurses and attendants, 10% taken sick.

"These are not statistics of selected cases, but include all the cases and the staff in the Hospitals, the Camp Brooks Emergency Hospital for the United States Shipping Board and the Emergency Tent hospital at Gloucester."

"In the Hospital for Crippled Children at Canton 60 per cent of their patient population was stricken within forty eight hours. The principle of open air treatment are in

full operation there and their mortality of less than 7 per cent of those attacked was wholly confined to patients who also were in advanced stages of their original malady. "The most striking feature of outdoor treatment has been the almost constant drop in the patient's temperature to normal within a few hours. A series of charts taken at random from the records of open tent hospitals shows a practically universal drop from 102 or 104 degrees to 97 degrees after a few hours of sunshine and fresh air."

WHAT THE VICTORY LOAN MEANS TO THE FARMER

The 1917 Victory Loan enabled the Dominion Government to advance \$100,000,000 to finance last year's wheat crop; also:

Nearly another \$100,000,000 to finance the sale of live stock products to Great Britain; also:

Nearly \$40,000,000 to finance exports of cheese to Great Britain.

The 1918 Victory Loan will enable the Dominion Government to finance the sale of the wheat crop to Great Britain; also:

To finance the sale of beef, pork, and other live stock products.

To finance exports of cheese, butter, eggs and condensed milk to Great Britain.

Great Britain will take Canada's agricultural products, but cannot pay cash. The Dominion Government must finance the sale.

Life Blood of Prosperity.

"For the farmer, the Loan (1917) was able to finance the only purchase who could buy his excess products, namely, Great Britain,"—E. R. Wood.

This year's Loan will do the same. It is the life blood of the nation's prosperity.

BRITAIN'S NAVY SHOWS GREAT TONNAGE GAIN.

London, Oct. 28.—Figures made public on the growth of the British navy during the war show that the fleet including auxiliaries, increased from 2,500,000 tons displacement to 5,000,000 tons and the personnel from 146,000 to 408,000.

Since the outbreak of the war 21,500,000 soldiers have been transported by sea, of which 4,391 were lost. For the requirements of the British naval and military forces more than 86 million tons of stores were transported, while more than 24,000,000 tons were taken overseas for Great Britain's allies. Transportation was also provided for 2,000,000 animals.

HOW WOMEN MAY EASILY ADJUST GAUZE MASKS TO THE FACE

Women may find some difficulty in tying on the gauze masks ordered to be worn by all those riding on the street cars on Friday and until further notice, so Dr. Jamieson of the provincial board of health suggests that if they tie both tapes together on the same side of the mask making a loop, this can be passed over the ears instead of being tied around the head. This, Dr. Jamieson asserts will serve the purpose, and hold the mask securely in place.

HOMELY PHIZ

Mr. Muggs (relating his adventure)—And starvation stared me in the face.

Miss Bright—Unpleasant for both of you, I should think.

War Efficiency and National Prosperity

More than a billion and a half dollars distributed in Canada for exported agricultural produce and the products of labor in the fiscal year ending March 31, 1918, has kept Canada busy and prosperous in spite of the war.

CANADA'S production in such enormous quantities was made possible only by the money received through Canada's War Loans. Canada thus was enabled to assist the Allies in their purchases here by establishing financial credits for their use in this country.

CANADA'S war loans not only have sustained Canada's war effort, but they have kept the wheels of production turning as they never turned before.

This is the flood of cash which poured in to Canada's farms for their exports in the fiscal year 1918, for—

Butter.....	\$ 2,000,000
Cheese.....	36,602,000
Eggs.....	2,271,000
Oats.....	37,644,000
Wheat.....	366,341,000
Flour.....	95,896,000
Meats.....	76,729,000
Vegetables.....	19,034,000

Over six hundred and thirty-six million dollars for exported farm products alone!

AND the workers of Canada also shared greatly in Canada's export trade.

For their products there was distributed in Canada, during the year:

Munitions.....	\$450,000,000
Metals.....	92,083,000
Vehicles.....	22,776,000
Wood Pulp and Paper.....	59,599,000

These huge sums were spent in Canada by the Allies.

Get Ready Now to Buy Victory Bonds

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee in Co-operation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada.

THE POSSIBILITIES OF IRRIGATION

Wheat on one of the Veterans' Farms, near Tilley, Alberta.

WHAT surprises a person most when travelling through the irrigated areas of Southern Alberta is the wonderful variety of crops that can be successfully grown there, their abundant yields, and their excellent quality. Wheat, oats, barley and flax, the standard crops of the Canadian West grow there and give as heavy yields as anywhere else on the continent. Alfalfa thrives as it does nowhere else in Canada, and is literally making fortunes for its growers. By the application of water the crops of clover and the many varieties of nutritious tame grasses are multiplied manifold. In the garden vegetables of all kinds, including those that are associated with better climates, such as tomatoes, melons, squashes, grow in the open as well as to indicate great possibilities in this direction.

Wheat, of course, is the dominant crop there as it is in those areas of Western Canada where irrigation is not practised. Oats, barley and flax are also grown extensively. The yields of all these grains compare very favorably with those in any other part of the west. Crops of wheat this season that have been properly irrigated are averaging thirty-five bushels to the acre. Some crops will thresh as high as forty bushels or more to the acre. The yields of other grains are equally good. Grain growing under irrigation brings ample returns to the farmer, especially when it is considered that uniform results may be looked for every year.



Squash grown with irrigation at Brooks, Alberta.

and excellent flavor, cantaloupes, watermelons, cucumbers, pumpkins, peppers, to say nothing of giant cauliflowers and cabbages, early and late, and all varieties, carrots, turnips, beets, all kinds of beans and many other vegetables flourish; and which produce the most delicious strawberries, raspberries, gooseberries and other small fruits—this land will, no doubt, be used to grow more of these things in the future, especially when labor conditions are such as to enable a more intensive system of farming to be followed. Then there are the fodder crops, of which alfalfa is the chief. Contrary to a widespread belief, it is not grain, not fruit growing, not truck gardening, but to the growth of fodder crops that the greater portion of the irrigable lands in the United States are devoted. The large yields of alfalfa that are being obtained in Southern Alberta under irrigation assure this crop of an important place in the production of the farmer who is able to utilize the water from the mountain streams on his land. Not only are the yields of alfalfa large, but this crop also enriches the soil to such an extent that any other crop grown on the land after it has been

BRUMPTON & GAETZ, Ltd.

Women's Serge Dresses for \$25.00

It's not so very easy to get them now; at least to get decent looking ones; but we have just received an express shipment from the east that will prove interesting. Here are some of them:

Nice Serge Dress in Navy or Wine color, with panel front, double collar and new bell sleeve, trimmed with military braid and buttons. **\$25.00**

Navy Blue Serge Dress with pleated skirt, flare pockets and silk poplin collars, trimmed with military braid and buttons. **\$25.00**

Navy Blue Serge Dress with belt jointed with buckles, inverted pleated skirts, trimmed with fancy braid and buttons, and with silk poplin collar. **\$25.00**

Navy Blue one-piece Serge Dress; pleated skirt with panel front, new bell sleeves and double collar, trimmed with military braid and buttons. **\$25.00**

Green and Wine Colored Serge Dresses; pleated skirts; waists have panel effect, and are embroidered in gold; nicely trimmed with braid and buttons. **\$25.00**

Here's another **Navy Blue** with a coatlee joined with straps and buckles; trimmed with fancy braid on collar and belt. **\$28.50**

Women's Silk Poplin's at \$16.50

Every one who has seen them has exclaimed "How pretty," and that just describes them exactly. There is something about them that will just warm your heart, and the price won't chill it either. We have them in purple, burgundy, electric and grey. There's nothing "fussy" about their make-up, either; just pretty little collars and cuffs and belts and pockets. My, but you'll like them. Each **\$16.50**

Watson's Underwear for Women and Children

Babies All-Wool Vests; we are fortunate in having quite a number from previous buyings; priced from **60c. to \$1.35**
Children's Union Suits or Combinations, from **\$1.50 to \$2.25**
Women's Vests, from **65c. to \$3.00**
Women's Drawers, from **65c. to \$2.85**
Women's Union Suits or Combinations, from **\$1.85 to \$5.75**
Sleepers for Kiddies; either Watson's or Dr. Denton's; priced at, per garment **\$1.15, \$1.25, \$1.35 and \$1.50**

Warm Knitted Lines for Cold Frosty Nights

Two lines of **Ladies' Knitted Sweaters**; sizes suitable for big or little women or growing girls; Rose and White, Sax and White, Myrtle and Tan, Tan and White, at **\$4.25 and \$6.75**
Quigley Scarf and Cap Sets; beautiful brushed wool in Rose, Sax, Heather, Pearl and Maize, at **\$4.00**
 A few very handsome "**Quigley**" **Brushed Wool Sweater Coats** in Electric and Maize. Our "**Quigley**" goods are awfully slow in coming in this year, but we expect more every day. The ones just mentioned are very good, and sell for **\$11.65**
Brushed Wool Sweater Coats for Misses; colors Cope and Blue, at only **\$4.95**
Children's Knitted Coats; Buster brand; a nice variety in Rose, Grey, Sax, Tan, Navy, Myrtle, Green, Cardinal and Brown; sizes from 22 to 28. Prices according to size, at **\$1.50 to \$2.50**
Sweater Coats for Boys in many colors and styles; sizes from 24 to 34; prices from **\$1.50 to \$4.50**
Children's Knitted Overalls, in Grey and Khaki, at **\$1.65**
Infants' Knitted Suits, consisting of coat, overalls, cap and mitts; colors Khaki and Cardinal, at **\$5.50**

MEN, LISTEN! Would you like a nice **Worsted Cardigan Knitted V-necked Sweater** to wear under your coat; something really neat and dignified? We've got some real beauties at a price that surprises our friends; they wonder where we got them, but that's another story. They just come in Maroon and Navy, and we are going to sell this particular lot as long as they last, so as to attract attention to our Men's Wear Department for the low price of **\$5.95**
 Other lines of **Men's Sweaters** in quite a substantial variety, from only **\$4.74 to \$12.50**

Men's Underwear

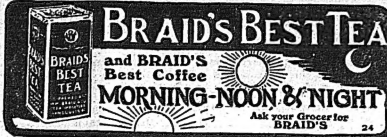
Have you seen our **Australian All-Wool Underwear**? There's a tuft of the real wool attached to each shirt; it endorses and guarantees the statement that the garment is really "all-wool." If you have never seen un-spun wool, you would be interested to see this sample anyway. You can see it for nothing, but if you buy the garments they will cost you (each) **\$2.50**
 Other lines in almost endless profusion; Stanfields single garments from **\$2.50 up**; Combinations from **\$5.00 up**
Splendid Black Worsted Hose, in 10, 10½ and 11. 3 pairs for **\$2.00**
Caps for Men and Boys. Such a lot of nice new goods to select from; heavy winter weights, with ear protection bands, from only (each) **\$1.00 to \$2.75**

Boot and Shoe Department

Ladies! Would you pay \$15 for a pair of **Grey Kid Boots**, if the quality and style satisfied you in every detail? We have them, and they are worth the money. Please ask to see them the next time you are in. **\$15.00**
 At \$11.00, we have a **Women's Fleece Lined, Dark Brown or Mahogany, Laced Boot**, nine inch top, with a Rinex sole and Catspaw heel. This is the best cold weather boot we have seen this season and the warm fleece lining should make it comfortable at any rate. Price **\$11.00**
 We have some other very pretty and comfortable warm boots for women, at, per pair **\$5.50 and \$9.00**
Girls' Laced Kid Boots, on a good wide and comfortable last and low heel; patent leather toe cap. It is a good enough boot to wear any place; sizes 11 to 2. Price **\$3.95**

Grocery Department

Regarding **Flour Substitutes**: We are scolded sometimes because we insist upon substitutes with flour purchases, but we usually find in these cases that the real need is not understood. No less an authority than Dr. J. W. Robertson, than whom Canada has no more loyal or capable citizen, says that we must not relax our wheat conservation one iota. A recent Food Bulletin says "You surely have not missed the little less wheat in your bread?" Yet it has reduced our Canadian consumption by 200,000 barrels (400,000 98lb sacks) per month." We are all proud of the record and all willing to keep it up; it means the saving of little children's lives in Europe.



THE NEWS' WEEKLY SERMON

By the REV. G. D. ARMSTRONG.

"Take and give unto them, for Me and thee."—Matt. 17: 27.

The incident upon which our text is taken is of interest from many points of view. It shows Jesus in relation to the civil authorities, and the magnificent spirit in which he met the unjust demands which were made upon him. He was not one who would have peace at any cost, but he carefully avoided any trivial occasion of giving offence. "In the midst of the crowd he could retain with perfect sweetness, the independence and solitude." By accepting freely the somewhat arbitrary claims made upon him, he removed the element of compulsion and retained the spirit of self-mastery. Even the laying down of his life was the result of his own choice, and not due to the mad fool fury of the mob that cried out for his crucifixion.

This incident seems to be an occasion when Jesus departed from his usual custom and wrought a miracle in order to suit his own conviction. There is no hint given in the record that this wonderful display of knowledge was designed in any way to influence those who had made an undue demand upon him, and it is difficult to understand why Jesus should use divine power and knowledge to obtain the amount of tribute money required. It is more reasonable to think that the money was taken through the market value of the fish which Peter caught rather than in any actual conveyance in the mouth of the fish. We sometimes speak of people being born with silver spoons in their mouths, without for a moment thinking that such an event is unnatural or miraculous. He, who refused the suggestion of the tempter to make him king out of stone, was not likely to make a display of divine power, in order to pay his taxes.

Our text suggests two or three lessons, however, concerning the disciples' relationship to Christ, which are worthy of careful consideration. When the disciples followed their nets to follow Jesus, they entered into a business in which He was the chief partner. When men give up their whole lives to the service of God they have a right to expect a divine benediction upon their act of consecration. David Livingstone declared as a life principle "I will place no value upon anything I may be or may possess, save in relationship to the Kingdom of God."

Somebody is following you. Somebody sees your footprints in the sand and is unconsciously going your way. Somebody is catching a glimpse of you as you thread your way through life's mysterious world, and is coming after you, perhaps merely because he knows no better direction to take. Thackeray said that no Irishman was so poor that he did not have a little poorer Irishman living at his expense. And nobody is so insignificant and commonplace that he does not determine by his example the life of someone else.

We are fond of underestimating ourselves, to escape responsibility. But the fatal power of leading others is unescapable. They will follow us whether we will or no, and often the more persistently in such measure as we have no wish to be followed. For the examples most doggedly imitated are of those who do not set themselves up as examples.

"When a man cries 'Do not sin as I do' then his manners take strongest hold on us. It is not the great models of conduct and piety that grab us; it is the little everyday models of negligence.

The boy swears and goes dirty by the like Huck Finn. The little girl melts into the mold of the silly and slithering miss. The youth drinks because others drink.

People do things because others do, more than any other reason. This is the strange force of crowds, where we are swept along by the cumulative power of example to do what in our sober judgment we would never have done.

A little of this pulling power rests in every one of us. No matter how small and inconsiderable a person you seem to yourself to be, some one is being led by you by the invisible towlines that reach out from you to him.

No soul walks alone. No act of self-restraint or of patience is without an echo in some one.

Down the ways of life you walk at the head of some sort of a procession. Dimly and instinctively they follow you.

Unconsciously, even more than consciously, you are making the world a better or a worse place, you are adding to its pile of happiness or its heap of misery, you are shedding light or spreading gloom.

You cannot help it so long as you live. When the final books are balanced it is your "little" careless unremembered acts that will weigh most—Dr. Frank Crane.

"Of God." It is to be wondered, then, that his life, in spite of the hardship, privation and loneliness he endured, has been crowned with such splendid success. Let us bear in mind also that in placing our lives at the disposal of Christ, we are not, all required to change the method of earning a livelihood. "All service ranks the same with God." Every form of activity which ministers to human need is a divine calling. Even the gift of a cup of cold water, in His name, merits and receives the approval of Heaven. Life will be infinitely richer and grander when we identify our worldly interest with spiritual things, and when we become partners in the ordinary affairs of men, workers together with God.

Furthermore in this divine partnership the principle of liberality abounds. A man's gifts are bestowed not grudgingly, but with a generous grace. We are to take in abundant measure of the abounding resources and use for our highest self-realization and for the well being of mankind.

Selfishness alone will choke this stream of liberality. Whatever is sacrificial shares in the energy of God and grows for ever and for ever.

The providence of God is not a divine intervention, but the normal order of life. If we have difficulty in understanding Christ's care for Peter in this particular incident, how shall we explain the mystery of such love as that of George Muller, of Bristol. He states "that not once, or twice, but the normal rule that he had no means in advance for the support of the orphan children under his care, although thousands of pounds were required for this purpose. Again and again when he looked in the establishment for their breakfasts and George Muller and his helpers did not know where to get it, he would retire to his room and ask God for it and before the morning breakfast hour it would be at the door. George Muller's personality cannot strongly influence and his experience to many of us is abnormal. Prayer is not solely dependent upon God, it involves co-operation with Him, the use of all the powers He has bestowed.

"More things are wrought by prayer than this world dreams of." For this whole round earth is every day Bound by gold chains about the feet of God."

ALL MACEDONIA NOW OCCUPIED BY ALLIED FORCES.

Saloniki, Oct. 15.—The last remaining territory in Macedonia invaded by the Bulgarians has been re-occupied by the Allies, in the shape of the Greek forces. A strong Greek army is ready for action, and it is announced, can be utilized from now on. The whole Greek nation and press ask that the fight be kept here. It is the desire of the Greek to march immediately against Turkey.

THE ANSWER.

They ask for peace. Liars and thieves, who slay and rape and burn. Now seek to parody what they shall return. They ask for peace. Cold, cultured brutes, more foul than that, that breed Dumb and brutish, who know no law but lust and greed. They ask for peace! Their fat, short-daggered hands still dripping red With blood of little children and our dead. They ask for peace! And think those loathsome paws are fit to be Grasped by clean hands, the hands of chivalry!

Great God of mercy and of righteousness, Give us the strength to make them understand That on his knees their fiend of frightfulness Shall get the only justice from Thy hand!

Lay down your arms, you troop of treachery! Lay down your pride, you hosts of hate and hell! Lay down your lies, your loot, your lechery!

Lay down your arms, you killers of Cavell! Then only shall you know your God of might, Your "God with us," who now commands "You must!" He is the great Jehovah, God of right.

You God, our God, the God in whom we trust. To Him we leave all vengeance; and like Him We come to you with healing for all harms; But we come, led by Joan and seraphim.

Lay down your arms, dark power! Lay down your arms! —William Duncan Cheney.

UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER OF AUSTRIA EARLY DATE

PARIS ENTIRELY APPROVES OF WILSON'S REPLY TO GERMAN

Amsterdam, Oct. 24.—The speedy unconditional surrender of the Austro-Hungarian monarchy is probable, according to a Vienna dispatch to the Frankfort Gazette.

Paris, Oct. 24.—President Wilson's reply to Germany was received in competent quarters here today with entire approval.

LONDON PLEASSED WITH STRONG STAND

London, Oct. 24.—The popular comment of the President's note here is that it contains the strongest language ever addressed by the head of one great nation to another in modern times.

The note is welcomed first because it brings matters to a new state; further proceedings, if there are to be further proceedings will be in the hands of all the governments interested. Hitherto, so far as the public knows, the nations associated with the U.S. and which have more at stake perhaps than has the U.S. have been outlookers to the "correspondence."

WILL END DISCUSSION

The note is welcomed, secondly, because it promises the end of the era of discussion to an end altogether, one way or the other. No one sees how the German chancellor, Herr Maximilian, can fall either to accept President Wilson's platform or reject it. Acceptance will be taken to mean that the Germans regard their position as hopeless and that disaster is imminent.

The general opinion is that Germany's military position is not so bad, but that her leaders will fight on, if only with the hope of creating a division among the Allies, which has been Germany's reliance of late.

Watch Germany's allies if she decides to go on with the war; it is the suggestion among diplomats here.

WONT CONTINUE ASKITE/TAIT

Austria shows no intention of remaining the German ally. The Austrian premier said yesterday that separate correspondence begun with President Wilson would be continued. Germany's course, therefore, need have no effect upon Austria, and it will be no surprise to Britain if Austria and Turkey both plow their own peace furrows, if Germany persists in the war.

RED CROSS WORK

Returned October 22nd:
 3rd and 4th St. and 2nd Ave. S. — 6 stretcher caps, 12 h.w. covers, 12 b.p. covers.
 Mrs. Davis—3 pair socks
 Mrs. Ebert—6 P binders
 Eastern Star—15 b.p. covers, 36 handkerchiefs, 9 pillow slips, 12 towels, 6 property bags, 6 P binders, suit pyjamas, pair socks, 4 slings, 6 A socks, 6 P wringers, 3 A dressing covers
 Mrs. Jos. Wallace—pair socks
 Mrs. Pollock—12 pair socks
 Mrs. W. Scott—pair socks
 2nd St. S.—2 many-tailed bandages, 2 stretcher caps, 16 handkerchiefs, 16 b.p. covers, 3 slings, 6 P wringers
 Mrs. Young—6 handkerchiefs
 10th St. N.—14 stretcher caps, many-tailed bandage, A sock, 3 word shoes
 Mrs. C. Bean—pair socks
 Mrs. C. Wilton—pair socks
 Mrs. Pyfe—2 surgical gowns, pair socks
 Mrs. A. S. Herbert—pair socks
 Mrs. Jones—2 A socks
 Mrs. Page and Miss Spillard—5 shirts, pair socks
 Mrs. Parker—pair socks
 Misses McLane—shirt
 Mrs. D. A. Taylor—7 A socks
 Parkville S.—12 stretcher caps, 12 h.w. covers, many-tailed bandage
 Margaret Connell—handkerchief, 2 P binders
 Mrs. Markle—3 surgical gowns
 Mrs. Daves—A sock
 Mrs. Hodgson—pair socks
 Mary Whitlow—A sock
 Mrs. Reed—pair socks
 Mrs. Gilbert—pair socks
 Mrs. Turnbull—6 stretcher caps, scarf
 Springfield Institute—slings, apron, 2 surgical gowns, many-tailed bandage, 6 towels, 12 h.w. covers, 2 A socks, 6 b.p. covers, 12 handkerchiefs
 Mrs. Pennington—3 pair socks
 2nd Ave. N.—6 stretcher caps, 12 h.w. covers
 Mrs. Evans—suit pyjamas
 Mrs. C. E. McCune—3 pair socks
 Mrs. L. Kennedy—suit pyjamas
 Mrs. D. M. Wright—suit pyjamas, pair socks
 Highland Park—18 stretcher caps, 1 many-tailed bandage
 Mrs. M. A. Bennett—pair socks
 Mrs. Gehrke—suit pyjamas
 Mrs. Proctor—pair socks
 Highland Park—4 slings
 Velma Trimble—A sock
 Mrs. Trimble—12 dressing gown
 Mrs. Higgs—shirt
 Mrs. Seranek—2 shirts
 Mrs. Ross—pair socks
 Mrs. Hammond—12 handkerchiefs
 Mrs. Butterfield—surgical gown
 Ross, 1st and 2nd St. Parkville—5 P bags, 10 h.w. covers, 3 A dressing covers, 5 stretcher caps
 Mrs. Halstead—pair socks
 Sylvan Lake Work
 Mrs. Dominique—7 P bags, 2 stretcher caps
 Mrs. F. Barwell—13 stretcher caps, many-tailed bandage
 Mrs. Barwell—3 P bags, 7 stretcher caps, 2 many-tailed bandages
 Mrs. Fisher—many-tailed bandage
 Mrs. H. Jamieson—1 many-tailed bandage
 Mrs. Jamieson—pair socks
 Mrs. Puelwell—pair socks
 Mrs. Gower—pair socks
 Ada Vandusen—pair socks
 Mrs. Dwyer—12 P bags, many-tailed bandage
 Mrs. McDonald—2 stretcher caps, 3 many-tailed bandages
 HIS PARTY
 Canvasser—What party does your husband belong to, Mrs. O'Grady?
 Mrs. O'Grady—I'm the party. What about it.

PROFESSIONAL

Dr. John Collison
 SPECIALIST
 Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
 Office hours—9 a.m. to 10 a.m., 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.
 2 p.m. to 5 p.m., and by appointment.

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 Office over Northern Crown Bank Phone 145.

Dr. J. B. Long
 DENTAL SURGEON
 (Successor to Dr. Paxton)
 Graduate Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario
 Holder of a Dominion Dental Certificate
 Modern Dental in all branches
 Office—Smith & Giesler Block, Red Deer Phone 112.

LEGAL

Payne & Graham
 Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Notaries
 H. ENNETT PAYNE. P. E. GRAHAM.
 Money to loan on low and farm property.
 Office: Judge Greene Block.

Russell & McClure
 Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries
 (Successors to Dr. Paxton)
 Office—Northern Crown Bank Block
 H. Russell J. H. McClure

MARRIAGE LICENCES.

H. H. Hummer
 Red Deer, Alberta
 Watchmaker, Jeweller and Optician
 Issuer of Marriage Licenses

CIVIL ENGINEER

R. G. Duwe
 B.Sc., C.E. (McGill)
 Civil and Consulting Engineer, Land Surveyor.
 Town Sites and Subdivisions, Railroad Municipal and Hydraulic Engineer.
 Phone 88 Red Deer.

AUCTIONEERS

N. White
 Successor to R. Mott & Son
 Auctioneer & Commission Broker, Red Deer
 Farm and Town Sites Sold. Several years experience. "Satisfaction Guaranteed."

A. Rogers
 Licensed Auctioneer for Alberta.
 Address—P.O. Box 90, Red Deer
 A square deal to everybody.

PIANO TUNING.

J. E. WELTON
 Expert Piano Tuner. Best of local references. Phone 86. P.O. Box 404, Red Deer.

VETERINARY SURGEON

F. A. McEwan
 Veterinary Surgeon.
 Honorary Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College.
 Office—Hewson's Barn
 Residence—Blenheim Hill. Residence Phone 92

James A. McCroight, V.S.
 Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
 Honor Graduate Ontario Veterinary College
 OFFICE—Palace Library, Phone 17
 RESIDENCE—Phone 29

TAXIDERMIST

J. A. GRANT.
 Latest Methods. All work Guaranteed
 Give a trial order and be convinced.
 Agent for A. A. Allen & Co. Ltd. Toronto
 P.O. Box 413, Red Deer.

FEED BARN

Prompt Attention—Quick Service
Dry Wood For Sale
\$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 a Rick
 Cash must accompany all orders

GEO. CHAPMAN - Prop
 1 Block south of P.O. Phone 122

Change in Train Service.

EFFECTIVE AUGUST 18th,
 There will be a General Change in Train Service. Times for Trains at RED DEER will be

GOING NORTH
 No. 521 No. 523 No. 555
 Lv. Calgary 9.05 15.00 23.55
 Ar. Red Deer 12.20 18.20 3.30
 Lv. Red Deer 12.30 18.25 3.30
 Ar. Edmonton 10.15 22.00 7.45

GOING SOUTH
 No. 522 No. 524 N. 556
 Lv. Edmonton 3.30 13.25 23.55
 Ar. Red Deer 12.10 17.05 3.50
 Lv. Red Deer 12.20 17.10 3.55
 Ar. Calgary 15.45 20.30 7.30

For further particulars apply to any ticket agent.
J. E. PROCTOR,
 District Passenger Agent,
 Calgary.

Extracts from the Health Department Bulletin

Avoid the person who coughs or sneezes.
Wash your hands before eating.
Do not use a common towel, it spreads disease.
Should you cough or sneeze, cover nose and mouth with a handkerchief.

Keep out of crowded places walk in the open air.
Sleep is necessary—avoid over exertion.
If sick, no matter how slightly, see a physician.

THE USUAL SYMPTOMS ARE: Inflamed and watery eyes; discharging nose; backache; headache; muscular pain and fever.

PREVENTATIVES: Camphor, Oil of Eucalyptus, Formalin for fumigating, Formaldehyde Fumigators, Sulphur Candles for fumigating.

NYAL'S MOUTH WASH and Gargle, used night and morning, will destroy all germs.

NYAL'S LAXACOL will break up a fresh cold, it contains just enough Aconite to keep down the fever.

ALL FOR SALE AT THE NYAL QUALITY STORE.

Nyal Quality Store
The Standard Drug Co.
Prescription Specialists
Phone 49 Red Deer, Alta.

Fight the SPANISH FLU!

Do your part by keeping it out of your home, by spraying the nose and mouth of each member of your family twice daily with a solution of LISTERINE.

LISTERINE is a splendid antiseptic and Deodorant.

SOLD IN SEALED BOTTLES, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00.

BUILD UP YOUR STRENGTH

People who catch cold easily may confidently look for an increase in appetite and weight, with the general appearance of good health very quickly after beginning the use of

WAMPOL'S TASTELESS PREPARATION OF COD LIVER OIL.

We strongly recommend, however, that the treatment with Wampol's Preparation of Cod Liver Oil be continued until such time as there is every indication of a perfectly healthy condition. PRICE \$1.00 PER BOTTLE.

The *Standard* Store
THE GAETZ-CORNETT DRUG & BOOK CO.
"THE HOME OF GOOD BOOKS."

CONTENTMENT

A wise man said, "A man must bring his wants within the margin of his income if he is going to be contented."

Is there any contentment like that of trading in a cash and carry store, and living within your income, and laying by something for a rainy day. That is what Canadians must do now, or go bankrupt in the future. It is flood-tide with the money-stream now; but the drought may come. The patriotic man and woman will figure out, not only what his or her income will be this year, but what it may be the year after next, then live within the margin. We must think thrift and practice thrift, if we are to know contentment; and if Canada is to be secure, we must save to save ourselves and our country, by trading in your FAMILY GROCETERIA, and help keep its doors open, it having been predicted that its doors will just be open one month.

Now it is up to you people of Red Deer to waylay this prediction, and come in and be convinced for yourselves. We may inform you that this Groceteria Plan has proved a huge success in Cities not as large as Red Deer. You will find our stock of Groceries and Fruits, also Dairy Produce, always new and fresh. We have no cellar-aged goods to offer at tempting prices, and our guarantee of satisfaction will be proven by your patronage. It will be to your advantage to see that your Groceteria is kept open. Don't forget that it's your Groceteria.

RED DEER DAIRY PRODUCTS CO.

Canada Food Board Licence No. 821334.

Local and District Intelligence

Mrs. A. G. Munro, of Calgary, was visiting friends in the city last week. The I.O.D.E. have small flags placed on the three soldiers' graves in our cemetery.

A. L. Macdonald, Condon, lost his house and contents by fire last Thursday, Oct. 24.

The grand sale and dance advertised for Friday, November 1st, by the Women's Institute has been postponed to a future date.

Miss Cardwell, of the Merchants Bank staff, was called to Poncha Sunday, to attend her sister, Mrs. Graham, who is ill with influenza.

Prof. and Mrs. Parker have taken rooms in Mr. Hall's residence, 52 Second Street North where any person wanting treatment can find them. The phone number is 127.

The I.O.D.E. have secured a promise from Mr. J. H. Woods, of Calgary, that after the influenza epidemic is over he will give a lecture in Red Deer on his recent trip to England and France.

N. White has received instructions from the Provincial Dept. of Health, that all sales advertised to be held will be allowed to be held, but no further sales will be allowed until the danger from the epidemic is past.

A fire in a barn behind the Hewson barn was put out by chemical on Monday morning. It is supposed children had been playing with matches in the building and set it on fire. No. particular damage was done.

Mrs. William Hewson was unfortunate enough to fall while carrying a box of apples down the cellar steps on Friday last, and broke the small bone of her left leg near the ankle. She will be laid up for some time in consequence.

Is your boy at the front? The local Council of Women request that addresses of local soldiers and sailors and nurses overseas, be sent to Mr. S. Parnell, box 694, Red Deer, at once, as the Christmas boxes must be dispatched without delay.

The Crossroads and Poplar Ridge Red Cross sewing circle have decided to discontinue the circle for awhile. Further particulars will be given later when they decide to start again. This step is taken owing to the influenza epidemic.

William Frederic Werner, a German, living six miles west of Red Deer, died from influenza on Monday. He was aged 57 years, and leaves a wife and several small children, who are, we understand, sick with the disease. The funeral took place yesterday to the Red Deer cemetery, Rev. W. G. Brown conducting the service.

CORRESPONDENCE

Mr. Editor.—In reply to "Observer's" article in The News regarding Sabbath desecration in Valley Centre, Dr. Huestis, the secretary, informs me no complaints have reached him regarding violations on that day. It is for "Observer" and the other witnesses of these acts to forward the names, with particulars, to the Doctor (Red Deer P.O.) and each case will be dealt with on its merits. Thanking you for space.

JOHN MCVICAR, Sec. Red Deer City.

CREDIT AUCTION SALE

Having been favored with instructions from Mr. J. G. White, I will sell by public auction the whole of his live and dead farming stock, household furniture, etc., at his farm, the S.E. 8-45-26, W. 4th, 4 miles west of Morningstar, 9 miles south of Poncha, 12 miles north of Lacombe, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5th, 1918

Sale at 10:30 sharp Lunch at Noon NO RESERVE

50 HEAD OF STOCK

Cattle
3-year-old Registered Hereford bull; yearling Registered Hereford bull; Registered Hereford cows; Registered Hereford bull calf; 2 grade milk cows; grade heifer calf; 5-year-old roan Shorthorn; 2 Red Polls, 7 and 8 years; Red Poll, 4 years; Red Poll, 8 years; 2-year-old heifer; roan Shorthorn heifer, 3 years; 2 Red Polls, 4 years; 2-year-old steer; yearling heifer; 5 spring calves; Red Poll bull.

The above represents a choice bunch of dairy stock.

Horses
Team of bay mares, 4 and 5 years old, 1400 lbs.; team black geldings, 6 and 7 years, 1200 lbs.; grey gelding, 12 yrs., 1250 lbs.; grey mare, 7 years, 1100 lbs.

Hogs and Poultry
12 Hogs 20 tons Timothy
40 Chickens

A Big Line of Implements, Household Furniture, Etc.

Ford Car, 1917 model, in good running order

TERMS OF SALE—All sums of \$25.00 and under, cash; on all sums over this amount a credit of twelve months will be given to parties furnishing a joint bankable note bearing 8 per cent interest. Five per cent discount for cash on all sums over \$25.00.

N. WHITE - AUCTIONEER

EYES

Would You Like To See As Others See?

If you have found that your eyes are not as good for far or near sight as they should be, we can promise improvement if the power of sight is not injured so as to prevent it. Our glasses make the world look brighter.

H. H. HUMBER Jeweler and Optometrist

Business Phone 104 RED DEER After Hours 82



NOTICE

DISCOUNT ON TAXES

5%

Will be allowed on Current Taxes, except Frontage Taxes, paid on or before October 31st, 1918. On January 1st, 5% penalty will be added to all taxes in arrears.

A. T. STEPHENSON,
Secretary-Treasurer.

CITY OF RED DEER

NOTICE

Curfew By-Law.

By order of the City Council, the above By-Law will be strictly enforced on and after Oct. 30th, 1918:

"All children under the age of sixteen years are required to be off the streets of the City of Red Deer at 8 p.m. from now until April 1st, and at 9 p.m. from April 1st to Oct. 1st unless accompanied by parents or guardian. After being warned by the police, parents or guardians of children disobeying the By-Law will be liable on conviction, to a fine not exceeding \$5.00."

A. T. STEPHENSON,
Secretary-Treasurer.

FOUND—A Red Tail Lamp and Auto No. 10970, near Pine Lake. Owner can have same by paying for this ad—News Office. Oct. 30

WANTED—Someone to do washing for a small family, in their own home—Apply Mrs. F. C. Whitehouse. Oct. 30-1

ROOM TO LET—Nice Large, Bright Room, newly furnished, to let, in modern home, with or without board—Apply 327, Ross Street. Oct. 30

WANTED—Janitor for St. Luke's Church and Parish Hall—Apply to A. S. Maxwell, Merchant's Bank, or to J. Halstead, Red Deer. Oct. 9

FOR SALE or Rent, a 7-roomed Modern House, 325, 2nd St. S. Parkway—For particulars apply to P.O. box 447, Red Deer, or Phone 75, Red Deer. Oct. 2

MILCH COW FOR SALE—Mrs. Sergt. McEwan, who is leaving the city, has a splendid Milch Cow for sale—Apply at the residence, Victoria avenue. Oct. 29

ESTRAY COLT—Came on to the premises of the undersigned early last spring, a small bay yearling gelding, white legs below, knees, white slip on face. No brand. Owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses.—B. C. Trimble, Red Deer P.O. Oct. 16-3

Dr. W. H. PLAXTON,
DENTAL SURGEON

613 to 617, Herald Building, Calgary.

RED DEER TRADING CO.
THE PLACE TO BUY, SELL OR EXCHANGE

DR. J. B. LONG
Dental Surgeon
(Successor to Dr. Plaxton)
Graduate Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
Holder of a Dominion Dental Certificate
Guaranteed Modern Dental Work at Reasonable Fees
Examination and Consultation Free
Office hours, 9 to 5 o'clock.
Evenings by Appointment
Day Phone 112 Night Phone 111
Office, Smith-Gaetz Bk. Red Deer

TO RENT—A 6-roomed house, furnace and water in the house. Apply to P. Fidgeon. Oct. 30-2

IN POUND—Four mares, one a sorrel, about 7, branded reverse R and C on left jaw, also a brand on left thigh, looks like JD combined; mares about 2 years old, branded one black mare and two bay the same as the first mentioned animal on jaw—Owner must claim animals and pay expenses, otherwise they will be sold.—B. J. Reighley, Pound Keeper. Oct. 30

NURSING—Having had several years experience as a private nurse, I would respectfully notify the general public that I am open for service in Red Deer and vicinity, and can be secured by rural phone No. 2, Penhold, or E. Prye, Horn Hill, Penhold P.O.—Mrs. J. Moore. Oct. 16-2

CALVES LOST, Sept. 15th. Eight spring calves, steers and heifers, 3 black, 3 red, one blue roan and one red and white.—Joseph Malsbury, Edwell P.O. Oct. 28-3

How About That Set

—OF—

HARNESS

For Your Fall Work?

We Have Them!

Our Prices Are Right!

No. 304—1 1/4 x 3 ply trace, 1 1/4 breast straps and martingales, 1 inch loose buckle lines, 20 ft. long; steel hames, brass balls and line rings; 1 inch hame straps; five ring folded seat breeching, 1 1/4 inch layer, 1 inch leadups with safe, 1 inch lined trace carriers 1 inch side straps, 1 inch hip straps.

Price, spotted (without collars)\$73.00

Less spots (without collars)\$71.00

Collars, all long straw\$6.25

Collars, long straw throat.....\$4.25

Halters, all styles and prices.

A full line of Robes and Rugs, ranging in price from\$6.50 to \$30.00

Buying when the buying is good.

Get Our Prices on

Heaters

Before You Buy—They are Right

THE

Day Hardware Co.

RED DEER, ALBERTA

Big Special for Saturday

IN TEA SETS

21 pieces Extra good for the money. Only 6 sets going at \$2.95. Big enough for grown persons, and small enough for 16 year old girls. Buy now for a Christmas Present.

Whipped Cream set, extra special at 50c only.

Keep your eye on our window special every week, until 1st January, 1919.

BUY NOW, WHEN THE BUYING IS GOOD

Brazier's Novelties